

yellowish. Abdomen and halteres mostly pale yellowish. Coxæ whitish transparent, the legs a fuscous whitish transparent; claws slender, strongly curved, the anterior and mid pair unidentate, the pulvilli about two thirds the length of the claws. Genitalia, basal clasp segment moderately stout, the basal lobe irregularly triangular; dorsal plate short, broad, deeply and narrowly incised, the lobes broad and broadly rounded; ventral plate long, broad, truncate; style long, stout, constricted near the middle.

Female.—Length 1.5 mm. Antennæ extending to the fourth abdominal segment, sparsely haired, fuscous yellowish; 14 segments, the fifth with a stem one third the length of the cylindric basal enlargement, which latter has a length about two and one half times its diameter; ovipositor short, the lobes narrowly triangular and thickly setose. Other characters practically as in the male. Type, Cecid. a2758.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTES.

Cænomyia ferruginea Scopoli.—In the Journal of this Society for June, 1917, there is a note on the distribution of this fly about New York City. All of the places mentioned are in the hill country, and no localities are given for Long Island or Staten Island. During the past summer two females of *Cænomyia* were collected to the south of Wading River, Long Island, one on June 26 at Long Pond, and another on June 27 at Deep Pond.—WM. T. DAVIS.

Cicada hieroglyphica Say.—To the south of Riverhead on Long Island there is a pine barren region resembling the pine barrens of New Jersey where during the warm days in the early part of August, 1917, I was pleased to hear the song of *Cicada hieroglyphica*. Individuals were not very common, but several were seen and examined at close range, but owing to the difficulty of collecting them in the tree-tops, none were secured. This extends the known range of the species about one hundred miles northeastward along the coast and is the first record of its occurrence in New York State. Mr. C. E. Olsen informs me that he is pretty sure he heard the song of this insect in July in pine woods a few miles to the north of Bayshore, on the south side of Long Island.—WM. T. DAVIS.

Acronycta funeralis Grote & Robinson.—A larva of this species was found on *Prunus scrotina* at Washington Heights, New York City, August 13, 1917.—F. E. WATSON.